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General for New Zealand, is evidenced by the appearance of the Sixth Edition. This edition is practically a reprint of the previous edition with the omission of the bibliography and an additional appendix expanding more fully the theory of sovereignty as applicable to the British Dominions and Protectorates.

This book is well known as one of the most serviceable volumes treating of the general principles of law and jurisprudence from the analytical point of view. The author does not confine himself to the narrow and limited doctrines of the earlier followers of this school in that he finds in the field of law a place for such concepts as natural law, international law, etc., and recognizes custom as an effective force in the process of law-making.

His definition of law, namely, that it consists of the rules recognized and acted on in courts of justice, is limited in its application chiefly to Anglo-American jurisdictions where judicial precedents are binding and does not fully explain the entire field of law for these countries.

The work fails to recognize and explain the process of law-making in continental European countries where the executive participates to a large extent, and the courts much less, in the law-making process. The opportunity of making some interesting and suggestive comparisons between the European and Anglo-American legal systems is, therefore, neglected.

The writer of the volume has little sympathy with historical jurisprudence and appears not to be interested in legal history or comparative legal philosophy. These defects render the volume somewhat unsatisfactory for use with students in elementary law and jurisprudence. In view of the wealth of the material which has appeared recently in legal history and legal philosophy it would appear that a work on jurisprudence should not ignore the contributions in these fields.

Despite these defects the volume deals in a satisfactory way with such matters as the nature and kinds of law, the sources of law, legal concepts such as rights, ownership, possession, persons, liability, and methods and procedure in the administration of justice. On the whole the work is the best brief text for courses in the elements of law, and deals with legal principles and concepts in a clear, concise and informative manner.

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#### BOOKS RECEIVED

HANDBOOK ON THE LAW OF PERSONS AND DOMESTIC RELATIONS. By WALTER C. TIFFANY. St. Paul: WEST PUBLISHING Co. 1921, pp. xv, 769.

INSANITY AND MENTAL DEFICIENCY. By W. M. G. H. COOK. New York: E. P. DUTTON & Co. 1921. pp. xv, 192.

THE PROCEDURE AND LAW OF SURROGATES' COURTS. By WILLIS E. HEATON. Albany: MATTHEW BENDER & Co. 1921. Vol. I, pp. xliv, 1108.

PUBLISHING Co. 1921, pp. xxiv, 1514.

CASES ON THE LAW OF CONTRACTS. By ARTHUR L. CORBIN. St. Paul: WEST

SELECTED CASES ON REAL PROPERTY. By JOSEPH D. SULLIVAN. Chicago: CALLAGHAN & Co. 1921. pp. x, 1096.

THE EVOLUTION OF WORLD PEACE. By F. S. MARVIN. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1921. pp. 191.

BANKING LAW OF GEORGIA. By ORVILLE A. PARK. Atlanta: THE HARRISON Co. 1920. pp. xii, 524.

THE QUESTION OF ABORIGINES. By ALPHEUS HENRY SNOW. New York: G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS. 1921. pp. v, 376.